HOW TO CREATE A WEBSITE USING JEKYLL AND MARKDOWN ON WINDOWS

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This guide describes the process of creating a basic website using Jekyll and hosting it for free online using GitHub pages.

Process Overview

- 1. Install Jekyll.
- 2. Set the correct encoding value.
- 3. Create a skeleton website using the command line.

Install Jekyll on Windows

- 1. Download and install the latest Ruby Installer for Windows here: <u>https://rubyinstaller.org/downloads/</u>.
- 2. Run the installer using the default options.
- 3. Select **MSYS2 and MINGW development toolchain** when prompted in the installer.
- 4. Open a new terminal and run the command: gem install Jekyll bundler.
- 5. Verify that Jekyll has been installed properly by running: jekyll -v.
- 6. If you get an error stating that Jekyll was not installed properly, reboot your system and run **jekyll -v** again in a terminal. If the issue is still present, open a ticket with <u>RubyInstaller</u>.
- 7. To prevent any encoding issues in a terminal navigate to your Jekyll website directory and run the following command: **chcp 65001**.
 - a. See the following page for more information on installing Jekyll on Windows: <u>https://jekyllrb.com/docs/installation/windows/</u>.



Create Your First Jekyll Website

- 1. In a Terminal navigate to the directory where you want to store your Jeyll website.
- 2. Run the following command:

a. gem install jekyll bundler

3. Create a new Jekyll site called myblog by running:

a. jekyll new myblog

4. Change into the newly created directory for your site by running:

a. cd myblog

5. Build the site and make it available on your local server by running:

a. bundle exec jekyll serve

6. View the newly created website by browsing to <u>http://localhost:4000</u>.

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Contents of Your Site Directory

Your blog folder will contain the following contents by default:

- **_Posts** a folder for keeping your blog posts. You will likely use this folder the most. There is an example blog post created in this folder when you first build your site.
- **_Site** a folder that holds files for the final output of your website. These are the files that you will use to deploy your final website to a web server. This site folder will automatically get updates as you build more blog posts and add more web pages. Do not manually update anything in this folder.
- **_config.yml** a yaml file that allows you to configure settings for your Jekyll website.
- **Gemfile** a file used with Ruby to store all dependencies for a website. You can specify plugins here.
- About.markdown a markdown file for the About page on your website.
- Index.markdown a markdown file for the Home page on your website.

Hosting Your Website on GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is an option for hosting a static website for free.

Prerequisites:

- 1. You must have Git installed on your machine.
- 2. You must have a GitHub account.

Create GitHub Repository:

- In GitHub, click New Repository and name it (e.g. my_blog).
 a. Important: Don't initialize the repository with a README file.
- 2. Click Create Repository.

Update _config.yml:

- 1. In your Jekyll project, open **_config.yml**.
- 2. Update the **baseurl** variable to be the name of the repository you created in GitHub.
 - a. For example: baseurl: "my_blog"
 - b. **Note:** If you plan on using a purchased domain name, set the domain name to be the baseurl.
- 3. Save your changes.

Publish Your Jekyll Website and to GitHub Pages

- 1. Open a terminal and navigate to your Jekyll website directory.
- 2. Run **git init** to initialize the directory as a git repository.
 - a. **Note:** When you create a GitHub Pages site, all the files for the site will go onto the **GitHub Pages** branch of your project.
- 3. Run **git checkout -b gh-pages** to checkout the GitHub Pages branch of your repository.
- 4. Run git status.
 - a. Verify all the files in your Jekyll site show up and can be committed.
- 5. Run git add . to stage all your Jekyll files.
- 6. Run git commit -m "initial commit" to commit your changes.
- 7. Run **git remote add origin [Your GitHub repository link]** to link your local git repo with the git repo on GitHub.
- 8. Run **git push origin gh-pages** to push all your files to the remote GitHub repository.
- 9. In a browser, navigate to your repository in GitHub.
- 10. Verify all your Jekyll files are in your **gh-pages** branch.
- 11. Navigate to the settings tab in GitHub.
- 12. Scroll down to the GitHub Pages section.
- 13. Click the link where your site is published.

To Make Updates to Your Site

- 1. Commit and push all of your changes.
- 2. Ensure your changes are merged into the **gh-pages** branch.
- 3. Your page on GitHub Pages will update automatically.

